## CLAIMS

1. A method of preparing isoflavan or isoflavene derivatives of Formula 1, comprising,

a preparation step 1 of synthesizing a compound of Formula 4 by condensing a compound of Formula 2 and a compound of Formula 3 in a base;

a preparation step 2 of synthesizing of a compound of Formula 5, including Formula 5a and Formula 5b, by reducing a compound of Formula 4; and a preparation step 3 of synthesizing a compound of Formula 1 including Formula 1a and Formula 1b, by etherizing the compound of Formula 5.

<Formula 1>

<Formula 1a>

15

5

10

$$R_1$$
 $R_2$ 
 $R_3$ 
 $R_4$ 
 $R_5$ 
 $R_6$ 
 $R_7$ 

<Formula 1b>

$$R_2$$
 $R_3$ 
 $R_4$ 
 $R_5$ 
 $R_6$ 
 $R_8$ 

5

<Formula 2>

<Formula 3>

<Formula 4>

<Formula 5>

5

$$R_2$$
  $OH$   $OH$   $R_5$   $R_6$   $R_9$   $R_9$   $R_9$ 

<Formula 5a>

<Formula 5b>

5

10

In the Formulas 1 to 5, substituents of  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$ ,  $R_3$ ,  $R_4$ ,  $R_5$ ,  $R_6$ ,  $R_7$ ,  $R_8$  and  $R_9$  are independent of each others and represent a hydrogen, a hydroxy, a halogen, a straight or branched alkyl group, an alkenyl group, a haloalkyl group, an alkoxy group, an alkoxyalkyl group, an alkyloxy group, an alkynyloxy group, an alkyloarbonyloxy group, an alkyloarbonyloxy group having from 1 to 10 carbon atoms, an amine group having a general Formula of  $NR_{10}R_{11}$ , an amide group having a general Formula of  $R_{10}NCOR_{11}$ , a nitro group, a cyano group, an alkylthio group, an akenylthio group and an alkynylthio group having from 1 to 20 carbons, a phenyl group, a substituted phenyl group, a benzyl

5

10

15

20

group, and a substituted benzyl group;

In the groups of R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>2</sub>, R<sub>3</sub>, R<sub>4</sub>, R<sub>5</sub>, R<sub>6</sub>, R<sub>7</sub>, R<sub>8</sub> and R<sub>9</sub>, any two adjacent substituents are interlinked through -OCH<sub>2</sub>O-, -SCH<sub>2</sub>S-, -OCO<sub>2</sub>-, -OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O-, -OCH<sub>2</sub>S-, -OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -SCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -SCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -SCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -SCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -SCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -SCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, a fused benzene ring, a furan ring, an indole ring, or a pyridin ring.

The substitutents of R',  $R_{10}$  or  $R_{11}$  of the Formula 3 represent an alkyl group, an alkenyl group, an alkynyl group, an haloalkyl group, or an alkoxyalkyl group having 1 to 20 carbons.

- The method of claim 1, wherein the protected o-hydroxybenzaldehyde compound of the Formula 2 is a compound protected using one selected from the group consisting of benzoyl chloride, pivaloyl chloride, methoxycarbonyl chloride, and trimethylsilyl chloride.
- 3. The method of any one of claims 1 and 2, wherein a base of the preparation step 1 is one selected from the group consisting of Lithium Diisopropylamide (LDA), NaNH<sub>2</sub>, and KO<sup>l</sup>Bu.

4. The method of claim 3, wherein a reaction temperature is below about 0 °C.

5

10

15

20

- 5. The method of claim 1, wherein a reducing agent of the preparation step 2 is one selected from the group consisting of DIBAL, KBH (CHMeEt), LiBH(CHMeEt)<sub>3</sub>, NaAlH<sub>2</sub>(OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OMe)<sub>2</sub>, and LiAlH<sub>2</sub>(OEt)<sub>2</sub> to give a compound of the Formula 5a by reducing only the ester group of the α-phenyl-cinnamate compound of the Formula 4 for synthesizing the compound of the Formula 1a.
- 6. The method of claim 5, wherein the reduction of the compound of the Formula 5a to a compound of the Formula 5b is hydrogenation catalyzed by one selected from the group consisting of Nickel, Palladium, Platinum, Ruthenium and Rhodium for synthesizing the compound of the Formula 1b.
- 7. The method of claim 1, wherein a reducing agent of the preparation step 2 is one selected from the group consisting of LiAlH<sub>4</sub>, NaAlH<sub>4</sub>, LiBH<sub>4</sub>, and LiBEt<sub>3</sub> to give the compound of the Formula 5b by reducing both the ester group and the olefinic double bond of an  $\alpha$ -phenyl-cinnamate compound of the Formula 4 for synthesizing the compound of the Formula 1b.
- 8. The method of claim 1, wherein the reduction of the olefinic double bond of the compound of Formula 4 in the preparation step 2 is carried out by using a double bond reducing agent of one selected from the group consisting of NaBH<sub>4</sub> and LiBH<sub>4</sub> in a condition with a Lewis acid catalyst, or by hydrogenating with one selected from the group consisting of Nickel, Palladium, Platinum, Ruthenium, and Rhodium

as a catalyst to give a compound of Formula 6, and then an ester group of the Formula 4 is reduced using a reducing agent selected from the group consisting of LiAlH<sub>4</sub>, NaAlH<sub>4</sub>, LiBH<sub>4</sub>, and LiBEt<sub>3</sub> to give the compound of the Formula 5b for synthesizing the compound of the Formula 1b.

5

10

## < Chemical Formula 6>

wherein, substituents of  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$ ,  $R_3$ ,  $R_4$ ,  $R_5$ ,  $R_6$ ,  $R_7$ ,  $R_8$  and  $R_9$  are as defined in claim 1.

- 9. A compound of the Formula 4, wherein substituents of  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$ ,  $R_3$ ,  $R_4$ ,  $R_5$ ,  $R_6$ ,  $R_7$ ,  $R_8$ ,  $R_9$  and R' are as defined in claim 1.
- 15 < Chemical Formula 4>

10. A compound of the Formula 5, wherein substituents of  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$ ,  $R_3$ ,  $R_4$ ,  $R_5$ ,  $R_6$ ,  $R_7$ ,  $R_8$ ,  $R_9$  and R' are as defined in claim 1.

<Chemical Formula 5>

5